

삼각함수의 2배각 공식

(Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions)

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha =$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

▶ proof

$$\cos 2\alpha =$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

▶ proof

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

▶ proof

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

▶ proof

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

▶ proof

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

▶ proof

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

▶ proof

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

▶ proof

$$\tan 2\alpha =$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

▶ proof

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

▶ proof

$$\tan 2\alpha = \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

▶ proof

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

▶ proof

$$\tan 2\alpha = \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}$$

▶ proof

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha =$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\sin 2\alpha = \sin(\alpha + \alpha)$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \cos \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \\ &= 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \\ &= 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \sin 2\alpha =$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\alpha &= \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \\ &= 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\cos 2\alpha =$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\cos 2\alpha = \cos(\alpha + \alpha)$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha)\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - 1\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - 1 \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \cos 2\alpha =$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \cos 2\alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\alpha &= \cos(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \sin \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= \cos^2 \alpha - (1 - \cos^2 \alpha) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 2(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \cos 2\alpha &= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\tan 2\alpha =$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\tan 2\alpha = \tan(\alpha + \alpha)$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\tan 2\alpha = \tan(\alpha + \alpha)$$

=

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\tan 2\alpha &= \tan(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha}\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\tan 2\alpha &= \tan(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\tan 2\alpha &= \tan(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha}\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\tan 2\alpha &= \tan(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\tan 2\alpha &= \tan(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}\end{aligned}$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\tan 2\alpha &= \tan(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \tan 2\alpha =$$

Double Angle Formula for Trigonometric Functions

▶ Home

▶ Start

▶ End

$$\begin{aligned}\tan 2\alpha &= \tan(\alpha + \alpha) \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \alpha} \\ &= \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \tan 2\alpha = \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}$$

Github:

<https://min7014.github.io/math20230419001.html>

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and you can see a picture moving.